

Earth Science Enterprise Technology Program

Strategy, Vision, and Implementation

Presentation to Technology Strategy Team
YF/Gran Paules
ESTO/George Komar
GSFC/Mike Ryschkewitsch
27 January 1999



Agenda

- Overview of ESE Technology Strategy and Implementation Program
 - HQ/G. Paules
 - ESTO/G. Komar ~ 1 hour
- Future Vision and Architecture for Earth Science-technology focus
 - Grand Challenges will be referenced at appropriate points
 - GSFC/M. Ryschkewitsch- ~ 1 _ hour
- Status of "Digital Earth" activities
 - GSFC/H. Mitchell ~ _ hour



Post-2002 Mission Scenario Planning

- A Major Science/Applications Program Review
 - June-August 1998
 - Ideas solicited through a RFI
- Two-step process
 - disciplined synthesis of concepts based on science and applications questions
 - » formulated a profile of nominal measurement scenarios with options
 - workshop review established consensus of results
 - » presented to an Interdisciplinary Panel of distinguished scholars
- Mission Scenario 2002-2010 Profile released
 - Measurement-driven rather than instrument-driven concepts



Key Findings from RFI Process

- Three specialized categories of science-based mission concepts
 - EOS follow-on program and transition to operational systems for key systematic measurements, as appropriate
 - Earth Probe program for ground-breaking, one-of-a-kind exploratory science missions
 - New Millennium program for innovative technology demonstration
- Applications mission concepts were introduced for further investigation



Science/Applications Measurement Sets

Atmospheric Chemistry

Stratospheric Chemistry Tropospheric Chemistry

Atmospheric Physics

Aerosol Properties
Atmospheric Humidity
Atmospheric Temperature
Cloud Properties
Radiative Energy Fluxes
Total Solar Irradiance

Geodynamics, Geology & Applications

#Earth Surface Deformation Mapping #Gravity Field Mapping #Magnetic Field Mapping Volcanic Ash Cloud Tracking

Global Water Cycle and Weather

Cold Hydrologic Process

Precipitation
#Soil Moisture
#Surface Flow
#Tropospheric Wind

Land Cover and Terrestrial Ecosystems

Land Cover & Land Use Change Vegetation Disturbance Recovery

Natural Hazards

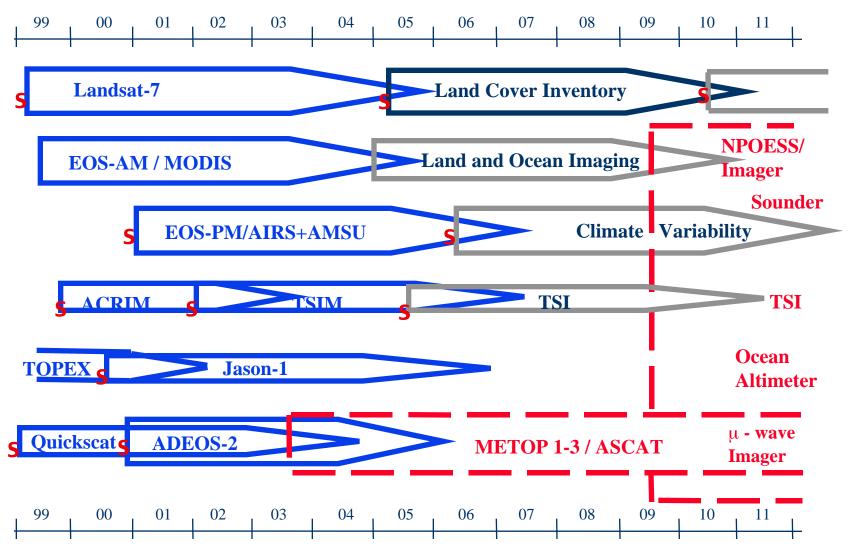
Lightning/Volcanic Ash Cloud/Fire Occurrence

Ocean and Ice

Ice Sheet Mass Balance Ocean Color Mapping Ocean Surface Topography Ocean Surface Wind #Sea Surface Salinity

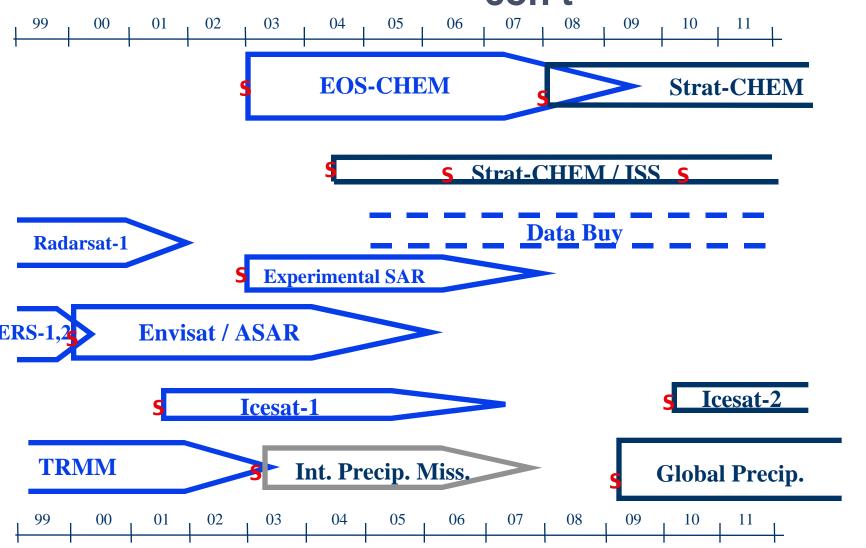


Timeline for Systematic Measurements



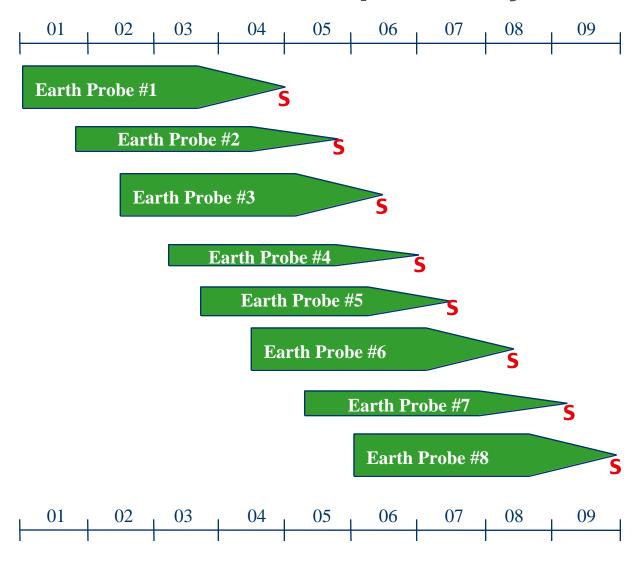


Timeline for Systematic Measurements, con't



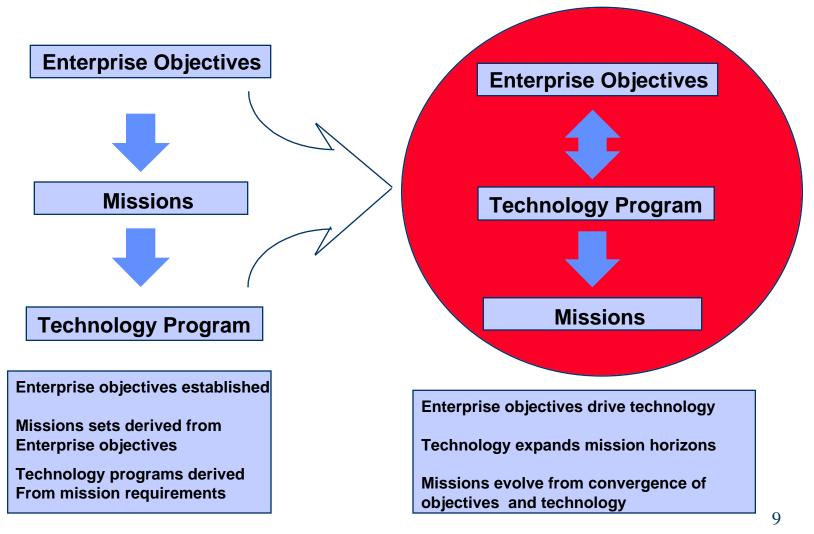


Notional Earth Probe Mission Development Cycle





Shift from Technology Derived from Missions to Missions Enabled by Technology





OES Technology Program Objectives

- Reduce science product life-cycle cost
 - » reduce instrument weight, power, volume
- Enable new Earth System Science measurements
 - » develop and validate breakthrough systems and subsystem technologies
- Enable new sensor-to-science knowledge information architectures
 - » allow for exploitation of emerging capabilities and widely distributed operations and research activities
 - » seek information handling efficiency and effectiveness



Earth Science Enterprise Strategic Technology Roadmap

1998-2002

Establish a Presence

Deliver world-class programs and cutting-edge technology through a revolutionized NASA

2003-2009

Expand our Horizons

Ensure continued U.S. leadership in space and aeronautics

2010-2023

Develop the Frontier

Expand human activity and spacebased commerce in the frontiers of air and space

To advance and communicate scientific knowledge and understanding of

Earth, the environment of space, the solar system, and the universe

Direct the Technology
Program to focus on Science
driven needs (vs. mission
needs) -- Instrument
Incubator, Advanced
Concepts, Mission Studies

NMP Space validation of technologies for advanced land imaging, global wind sensing, etc. Demonstrate a new generation of small, highly capable active, passive, and in situ instruments

Develop computing and information system technologies to support powerful, coupled Earth system models Enable a new class of frequent, low cost, and highly capable missions for broad science, educational, and applications

Focus technology developments on emerging new science issues beyond sustainable development

To explore, use, and enable the development of space for human enterprise

Develop an Advanced Information Technology Testbed to explore and evaluate alternate system architectures, etc.

Foster regional applications and validation technologies

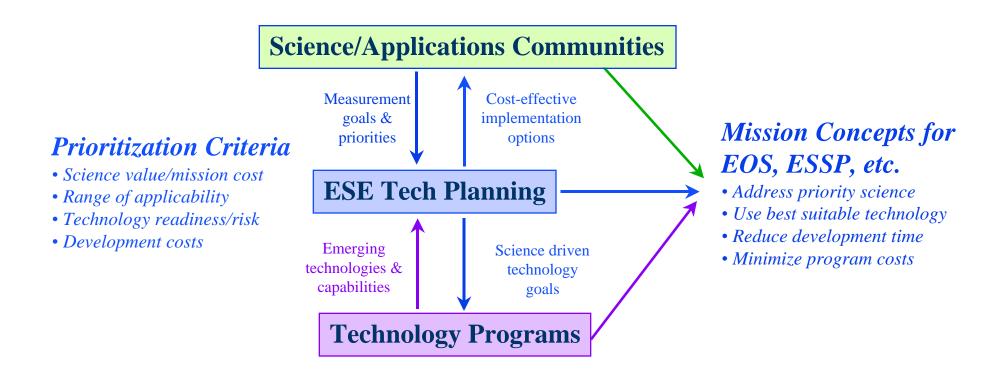
Develop and implement technologies to increase the number of users of Enterprise information sets from hundreds to tens of thousands, for science, education, and applications With commercial and operational partners, implement the international global observation/information system with broad, easy access for science, education, and applications

To research,
develop, verify, and
transfer advanced
aeronautics, space
and related
technologies

Develop joint technology efforts with operational and commercial partners to facilitate transition of sustained measurements Implement transition of key, long-term sustained measurements to operational and commercial partners Complete transition sustained measurements and information system technologies to operational and commercial partners

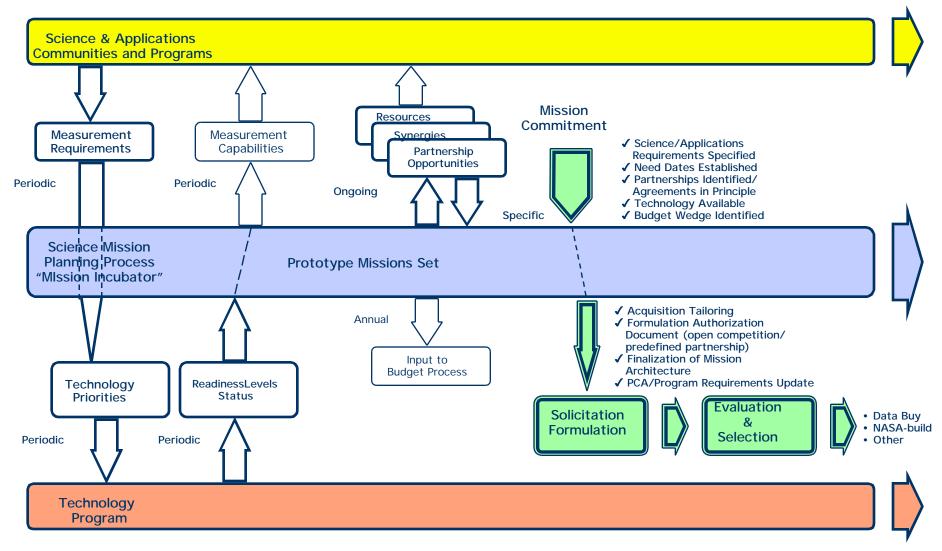


Earth Science Enterprise Technology Planning Strategy





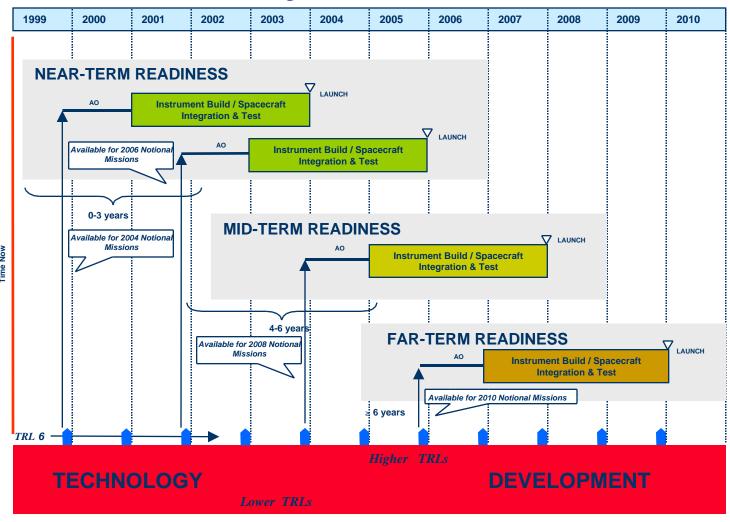
Science and Applications Mission Development Roadmap





Technology Infusion into the Notional Missions

- using a biennial AO model -

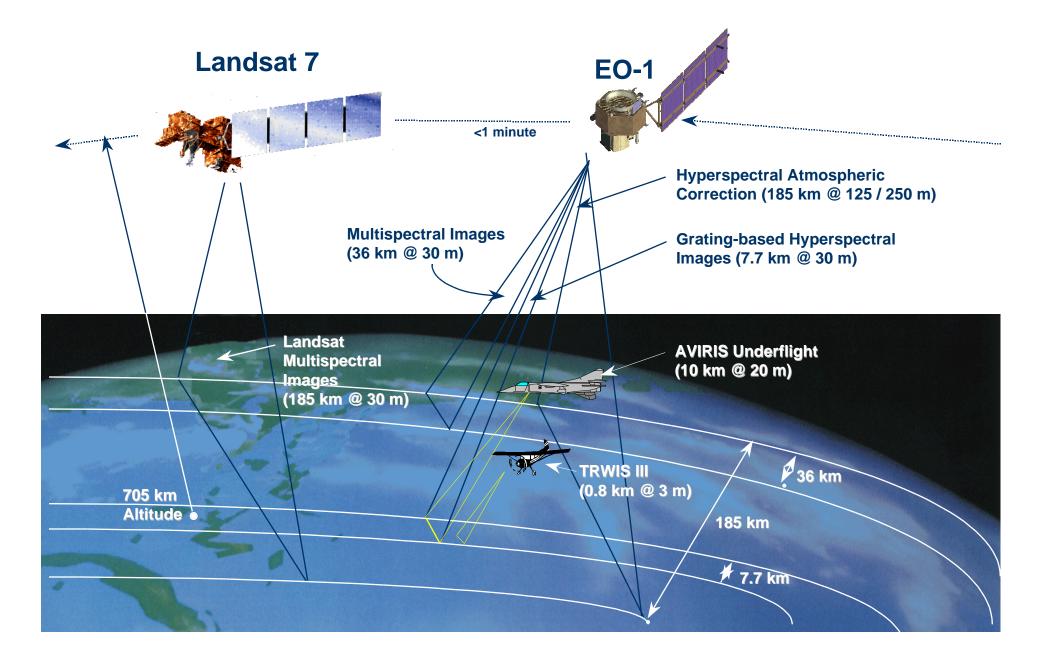




OES Near-and Mid-Term Technology Development Thrusts

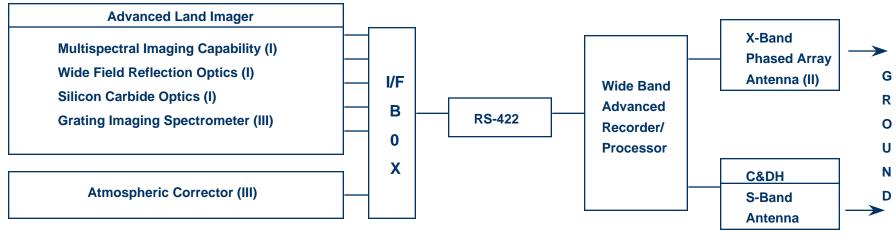
- Instrument and Measurement Technologies Development
 - Active Sensor Systems (Lidar and LightSAR)
 - Passive Miniature Atmospheric sensors and Earth surface imaging sensors
 - EO-1 Land Imager Alternatives (hyper- and multi-spectral)
 - EOS Follow-on Instrument Development
 - Airborne and In Situ Sensor Technology (R&A, co-investment with Core Technology)
- Information Systems Technologies
 - Advanced on-orbit data processing/compression techniques
 - EO-1 Fiber Optic Databus, Cloud Editing
 - EO-1 application of formation flying concepts and data synthesis
 - Advanced information systems architectures
 - EOSDIS Alternate Architecture Studies and testbeds
 - EOSDIS Federation Approach --highly distributed, advanced INTERNET interfaces
 - Supercomputing initiatives in large-scale modeling and image visualization
- Spacecraft Technologies
 - OES Reliance on Industry for Spacecraft and Spacecraft Technology (IDIQ)
 - Linkage to NASA intragency Developments
 - Core Program, SBIR, X-2000 Advanced Miniaturization
- Autonomous Operations
 - End-to-end communications, constellation architectures, intelligent systems



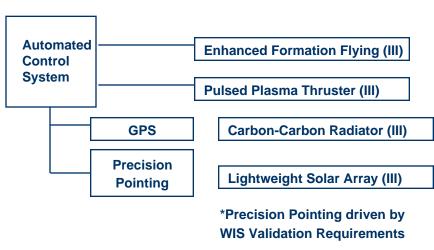




EO-1 Technologies

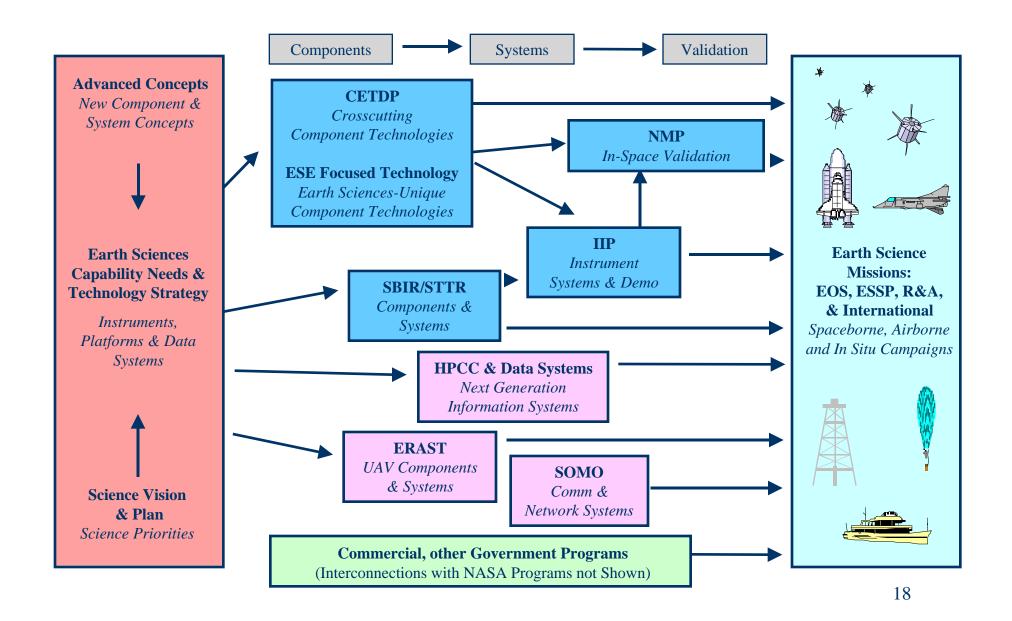


Technology	Developer
Multispectral Imaging Capability (I) Wide Field, High Resolution, Reflective Optics (I) Silicon Carbide Optics (I)	Lincoln Lincoln Lincoln
X-Band Phased Array Antenna (II)	Boeing
WARP GPS Precision Pointing Subtotal	GSFC Loral Litton
Grating Imaging Spectrometer (III) Atmospheric Corrector (III) Enhanced Formation Flying (III) Carbon-Carbon Radiator (III) Lightweight Solar Array (III) Pulsed Plasma Thruster (III)	TRW GSFC GSFC CSRP L-M Primex



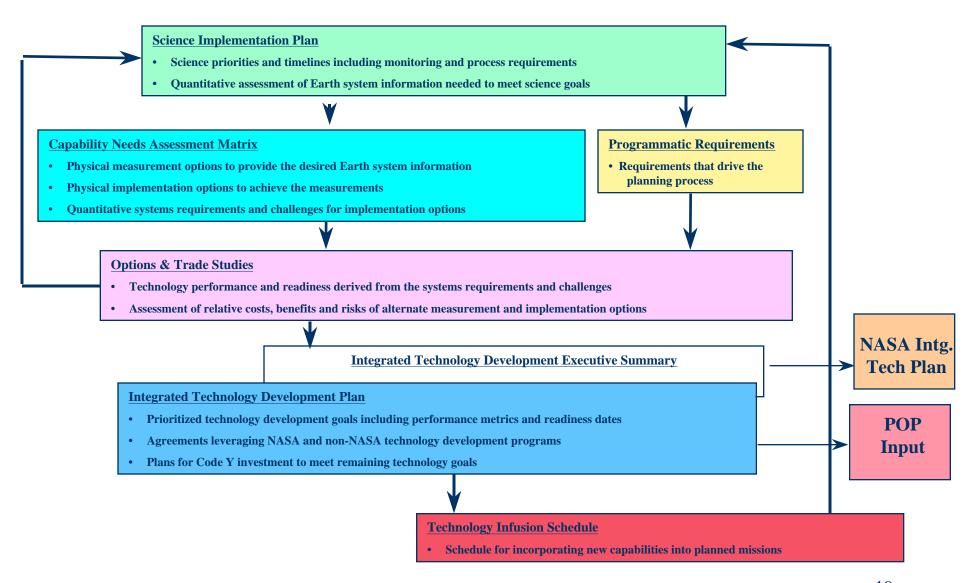


Technology Development Program Elements





Near Term Technology Planning Activities





Next Steps

- Review of actions from ESE Senior Management Council 4 December
- Initial thoughts on related Technology Program implementation
- Organization of a follow-on Working Group
- Assignment of actions and personnel



Actions From ESE Senior Management Council

• (To be provided)